The Influence of Applying the Qiro’ati One Day One Page Method on the Quality of Al-Qur’an Reading for Class VII Students at MTS Nahdatul Islam Mancang

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ABSTRACT

The problem in this research is that there are problems at MTS Nahdatul Islam school, namely the lack of students reading the Al-Qur'an using tajwid knowledge and the low level of students reading the Al-Qur'an. By applying the Qiro'ati One Day One Page method, the aim is to find out how this method influences the quality of Al-Qur'an reading in class VII MT's Nahdatul Islam Mancang. There is a type of research, namely quantitative experiment, which is a quantitative research method used to determine the effect of independent variables (treatment) on dependent variables (outcomes) under controlled conditions. From the coefficient results it can be concluded that the correlation value of "r" product moment at the 5% and 1% significance levels shows that r = 0.483 is greater than r_{abe} at both the 5% and 1% significance levels (0.5052 and 0.6178) with a comparative formulation, namely (0.4830.5052 and 0.6178).

INTRODUCTION

The Qur'an is the word of SWT and a lifestyle for all Muslims. This is a requirement and obligation to read and understand (Abu Nizhan, 2008). Starting from aqidah which discusses the pillars of faith to issues of worship which discuss the pillars of Islam, to moral times, to muamalah which discusses marriage, divorce, buying and selling and so on. The content of the Qur'an is very universal, scientific evidence and a number of other contents are the only explanation for the universality of the content of the Qur'an is Allah's will to lead humans to a higher level and a better life.

The Qur'an is the word of Allah SWT which is used as a life guide and guidance for Muslims. Allah SWT has said in Surah A Isra verse 9 that reads

أَنَّ هَذَا الْقُرْآنَ يُهْدِيْ لِلَّتِيْ هِيَ اَقْوَمُ وَيُبَشْرُ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ الَّذِيْنَ يَعْمَلُوْنَ الصّٰلِحٰتِ اَنَّ لَهُمْ اَجْرًا كَبِيْرًا

Meaning: Indeed, this Qur'an guides the path which is the straightest and gives good news to believers who do good deeds, that they will receive great rewards.

Qiro'ati is a method of teaching and learning the Al-Qur'an in tartil, tajwid and read directly without spelling. Qiro'ati places more emphasis on an approach, skills in the process of reading quickly and accurately, both in makhorjul letters and reciting tajwid, so that effective teaching results can be obtained that are long-lasting and can be developed according to the conditions of the students' abilities. Teaching this method cannot
be just anyone who teaches it because before teaching the teachers are taught first so that students can learn well and correctly (Sholeh Hasan, 2018).

One day one page is one day one page, which is a program that requires students to read at least one page every day so that students get used to it, this habit will become a habit and then it will become a profitable culture for the next generation. Next, One day one page itself is a process where a simple effort can foster a love of reading. With the one day one page method, students begin to get to know various reading books, both fiction and non-fiction books (Fais Wahidatul Arifatin, 2023). One day one page inspired and one day one juz, through reading activities you can maintain good health and improve students' memory and increase students' understanding. This method is used so that every day students actively carry out reading activities of the Al-Qur'an (Nur Afni Efania, 2023).

METHOD

This research is located at an MTs, namely MTs Nahdhatul Islam Jl. S. Parman No.2 Mancang Subdistrict Completed Langkat Regency, North Sumatra Province. For students in class VII. This research was conducted from April 2023 until completion.

This research uses a quantitative approach using experimental methods, which tries and looks for cause and effect. According to (Sugiyono, 2019) quantitative research is defined as a research method based on the philosophy of positivism, used to research certain populations or samples, collecting data using research instruments, quantitative/statistical data analysis, with the aim of testing predetermined hypotheses. In preparing the research, the researcher took a pre-experimental design with a one group pretest-posttest design which will be connected to a one-shot study. The test before the experiment is carried out is called pre-test and after the experiment is carried out it is called post-test.

The population in this research is all students of MTs Nahdhatul Islam Mancang class VII who will be the population. In this study, the sample consisted of 25 students from class VII of the Private MTs Nahdhatul Islam Mancang.

RESEARCH RESULTS

Before the research was carried out, it was known that the quality of reading the Al-Qur’an of MTs Nahdatul Islam students still did not reach the standard standards in reading the Al-Qur’an. Therefore, I want to conduct this research using two variables where the independent variable is qiro’ati one day one page (X) and the dependent variable is the quality of Al-Qur’an reading (Y).

From the research results it can be concluded that there is an influence of the qiro’ati one day one page method on the quality of Al-Qur’an reading at MTs Nahdatul Islam in class VII, this can be proven by the following formula:

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\text{rxy} = \frac{\text{df} = \text{N} - \text{nr}}{5\% \text{ significance level, rtable= 0.396}}
\]

Based on the results of the validity test calculations carried out, the rxy values obtained are consulted using the "r" product moment value table. In this case, df (degrees of freedom) is equal to (N) minus the number of correlated variables (df=N-nr) then df=25-2=23 at the 5% significance level, rtable= 0.396. Based on the reliability tests listed above, the results of the reliability tests carried out show that Cronbach Alpha is 0.579>0.60, so it can be said that all statements from this variable are reliable so that in the future the items in each variable concept are reliable to use as measuring tools.

Next, the results of the calculations, it is recommended for this research to use the "r" product moment table, where it has been explained previously that the condition df (degree of freedom) is equal to the sample (N) minus the number of correlated variables (df=N-nr), then df = 25-2= 23. By checking the table of "r" product moment values, it turns out that df is 23 at a significance level of 5%, we get rtable = 0.3961.

DISCUSSION

Method is the process of turning plans that have been made into action so that the goals that have been made can be achieved optimally (Sanjaya, 2010). The term method comes from the Greek méthodos. This word comes from two words, namely metha, which means through or through, and hodos, which means means path or way. In Arabic, a method is called thariqat, in the Big Indonesian Dictionary a method is an orderly and well-thought-out way to achieve a goal, so that it is used to present learning materials in order to achieve teaching goals (Syharsono and Ana Retnoningsih, 2009). Learning methods are operational steps of the learning strategy chosen to achieve learning objectives (Abdullah Sani, 2019).

There are many types of this method for the reason that it is influenced by the following factors:

a. Different objectives for each field of study.
The Qiro'ati method is based on two main principles, namely reading the Al-Qur'an directly and developing the habit of reading with tartil in accordance with the science of recitation. What is meant by "reading the Koran directly" is doing it without using a volume reader and spelling out the text (reading must be done directly).

The Qiro'ati method is one that is currently being developed for reading the Koran. When reading the Koran using this method, the emphasis is not on spelling, but rather the knowledge of recitation which is applied directly with tartil.

The general aim of learning the Koran is to instill divine values in children as a basis for facing life's challenges from an early age. According to Amjad Qosim, the aim of teaching the science of reading the Al-Qur'an using the Qiro'ati method is to comply with the requirements of worship as desired by Allah SWT and His Messenger.

The Qiro'ati method was compiled by KH. Dachlan Salim Zarkasyi in 1986 coincided with July 1st. H.M Nur Shodiq Achrom (as the compiler of his book "Qoidah Qiro'ati System"), this method is reading the Al-Qur'an which directly includes and practices tartil reading in accordance with the rules of the science of tajwid. The Qiro'ati method of teaching uses a centered approach students, and grade and volume increases are not traditionally determined by months or years, but rather on an individual basis.

One Day One Page is a revolutionary program to develop the habit of reading the Al-Qur'an regularly so that it can be read fluently and in accordance with applicable rules (Yusnia and Lailatul, 2002). Because being able to read the Koran is the most important and essential skill. Meanwhile, One Day One Page is a community that was founded with the aim of making it easier for Muslims to get used to reading the Koran one page per day (Agung Prasetiyo, 2017). The One Day One Page method is a program for reading the Al-Qur'an with a target of reading one page every day (Nofi Retnosari, 2017). This method is a breakthrough method for getting used to reading the Al-Qur'an continuously and consistently. This method is attempted to shape students' character according to what has been formulated in the Al-Qur'an and to understand the values or content contained in the Al-Qur'an.

One Day One Page is originally good if done in a way that complies with the guidelines. The fatwa of Shaykh 'Abdul Aziz bin Baz shows that One Day One Page is a good practice. However, you must also pay attention to the Sharia corridors in practicing One Day One Page. Shaykh Abdul Aziz bin Baz - mufti of the kingdom of Saudi Arabia in the past was once asked by the Companions, "How long does it take for someone to complete the Koran with understanding and tadabbur? something within two months is considered too late?" then Shaykh Rahimahullah answered, The Prophet sallallahu 'alaihi wa sallam said to Abdullah bin Amr bin Al Ash, "Khatamlah Al Qur'an in a month." Abdullah asked again, "Add shorter than that, O Messenger of Allah." Until he answered, "Know it within a week." Then he asked again to recite it in just three days (Muhammad Abduh, 2022).

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